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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/903,828	07/11/2001	Hung Qui Le	AT9-98-038-US2	1565

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Attention: Barry S. Newberger
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EXAMINER

CHANG, JUNGWON

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2154

DATE MAILED: 11/16/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/903,828

Applicant(s)

LE ET AL.

Examiner

Jungwon Chang

Art Unit

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 August 2005.
2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 10-17, 19, 25-34 and 38-52 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) ☒ Claim(s) 10-13 is/are allowed.
6) ☒ Claim(s) 14-17, 19, 25-34, 38-52 is/are rejected.
7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6) ☐ Other: _____.

FINAL ACTION

1. This Action is in response to amendment filed on 8/18/2005. Claims 10-17, 19, 25-34 and 38-52 are presented for examination.
2. The objection to Claim 10 is withdrawn in view of the amendment.
3. The objection to the Specification is withdrawn in view of the amendment.
4. The double patenting rejection is withdrawn in view of the amendment.
5. Claims 10-13 are allowed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

7. Claims 14-17, 19, 25-34 and 38-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being

anticipated by Cheong et al. (US 5,913,048), hereinafter referred to as Cheong.

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

8. As to claim 14, Cheong discloses the invention as claimed, including a method for self-initiated instruction issuing comprising: setting a predetermined data value in a first portion of a preselected first queue entry in a queue operable for storing a plurality of instructions for issuing to an execution unit (col. 7, lines 1-27; col. 10, lines 48-51; instruction is ready to be issued for execution; col. 11, lines 27-34), said queue including a plurality of entries (fig. 3), each entry being associated with an instruction for issuing, wherein said first queue entry is preselected in response to a first data value in a second portion of a preselected second queue entry (fig. 3), wherein the first portion comprises a link mask (TID; 118, 128a, 128b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 23-36), and a first link data value indicating to a target instruction which of the queue's plurality of entries that a dispatching dependent instruction will occupy (value; 126a, 126b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 37-62; col. 11, lines 31-45); and

selecting for issuing an instruction associated with said entry containing said predetermined data value in said first portion in response to said predetermined data

value (col. 10, lines 48-51; instruction is ready to be issued for execution; col. 11, lines 27-34).

9. As to claims 15-17, 19 and 25, Cheong discloses if said dispatching instruction is a one-cycle piped instruction (dispatching one instruction per cycle; col. 12, lines 35-36), storing a first queue pointer data value associated with said dispatching instruction in a first portion of an associated rename register entry, said rename register including a plurality of entries, wherein said queue pointer value associates said rename register entry and said preselected queue entry corresponding to said dispatching instruction, and wherein said second queue entry is selected in response to a second queue pointer value (col. 11, lines 4-21; col. 14, lines 15-29; col. 16, lines 15-32).

10. As per claim 26, Cheong discloses said second queue pointer value corresponds to a queue entry of an instruction target operand tag matching said source operand (col. 13, line 43 – col. 14, line 29).

11. As per claim 27, Cheong discloses first data value comprising a link mask having a number of bits equal to a number of entries in said queue (fig. 5A; col. 13, lines 61-64).

12. As per claim 28, Cheong discloses the step of setting said predetermined data value is in response to an issuing of an instruction associated with said second queue

entry (col. 11, lines 40-45).

13. As to claim 29, Cheong discloses:

an input means (1024, 1026, 1032, fig. 10) for communicating a plurality of instructions (col. 6, lines 5-17);

a dispatch unit (1220, fig. 12) coupled to said input means (col. 7, lines 50-51);

at least one execution unit (1222, 1228, 1230, fig. 12) coupled to said dispatch unit for receiving instructions communicated therefrom, each execution unit including a self-initiated instruction issue mechanism for receiving said instructions and issuing instructions to an execution logic circuit for execution (col. 7, lines 50-54);

an instruction queue (instruction queue, 1219, fig. 12; col. 6, lines 64-67) operable for issuing at least one instruction to an execution unit (col. 7, lines 1-27; col. 10, lines 48-51; instruction is ready to be issued for execution; col. 11, lines 27-34), said queue including a plurality of entries (fig. 3), each queue entry having a first portion and a second portion (fig. 3), said first portion operable for storing a first link data value (TID; 118, 128a, 128b, valid/tagged; 124a, 124b, fig. 3; col. 11, lines 39-45), the first portion comprises a link mask (TID; 118, 128a, 128b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 23-36), and a first link data value indicating to a target instruction which of the queue's plurality of entries that a dispatching dependent instruction will occupy (value; 126a, 126b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 37-62; col. 11, lines 31-45) and said second portion operable for storing a first data value (value; 126a, 126b, fig. 3; col. 11, lines 31-45), and wherein said first data value in a first queue entry is set in response to a first link data value in a preselected second

queue entry (col. 11, lines 31-45), and wherein at least one instruction is selected for issuing in response to a predetermined first data value in a corresponding queue entry (col. 11, lines 4-20 and 39-45);

a rename register device (1233, 1237, fig. 12) coupled to said queue (1219, fig. 12), said rename register device including a plurality of entries (figs. 1-2; col. 9, lines 37-48), each entry having a first portion operable for storing a pointer data value (TID; 104; fig. 1) and a second portion operable for storing a validity data value (value; 102, fig. 1), wherein each said pointer data value is associated with a corresponding queue entry (col. 9, line 49 – col. 10, line 3), and wherein each said first link data value is set in response to said pointer data values and said validity data values (col. 10, lines 40-47).

14. As to claim 30, Cheong discloses each said rename register device entry (figs. 1-2; col. 9, lines 37-48) includes a third portion operable for receiving a plurality of operand tags (100, fig. 1; 112, fig. 2), and wherein each said pointer data value is operable for selection in response to a preselected one of said plurality of operand tags (col. 8, lines 26-36; col. 9, line 49 – col. 10, line 3).

15. As to claim 31, Cheong discloses said queue is operable for broadcasting a preselected first operand tag (col. 11, lines 39-45).

16. As to claim 32, Cheong discloses a storage device operable for receiving said broadcasting of said first operand tag (col. 5, line 59 – col. 6, line 2; col. 6, lines 34-40

and 64-67; col. 12, lines 19-31).

17. As to claims 33 and 34, Cheong discloses each said rename register device entry includes a fourth portion operable for storing a second data value, said second data value being operable for setting in response to an issuing instruction (col. 9, lines 52-65; col. 12, line 66 – col. 13, line 10).

18. As to claim 38, it is rejected for the same reasons set forth in claim 14 above. In addition, Cheong discloses an apparatus for self-initiated processor instruction issuing including an issue queue (1219, fig. 12; col. 6, lines 64-67), said issue queue comprising a plurality of entries (fig. 3), each entry of said plurality operable for containing information associated with an instruction to be issued (col. 10, lines 48-51; col. 11, lines 27-34), wherein each entry includes a first portion for storing an instruction operand (120, fig. 3; operational code of the instruction; col. 11, lines 6-8) and a second portion for storing a link value (valid/tag; 100, 118, 128a, 128b; fig. 3; col. 11, lines 4-21), and wherein, for an instruction corresponding to a first entry having a value of said instruction operand determined by an instruction corresponding to a second entry, said link value in said second entry comprises a value corresponding to a number of said first entry (the processing of one instruction depends on a result from another instruction; col. 2, lines 32-65; col. 9, lines 48-65; col. 15, lines 4-35).

19. As to claim 39, Cheong discloses for said first entry comprising an “*i*th” entry of

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said plurality of entries, said value representing said first entry is a value of an "ith" bit of a plurality of bits of said link value in said second entry (fig. 3; col. 10, line 66 – col. 11, line 21).

20. As to claims 40, 42 and 43, Cheong discloses a rename register device (1233, 1237, fig. 12) coupled to said queue (1219, fig. 12), said rename register device including a plurality of entries (figs. 1-2; col. 9, lines 37-48), each entry having a first portion operable for storing a pointer data value (TID; 104; fig. 1) and a second portion operable for storing a validity data value (value; 102, fig. 1), wherein each said pointer data value is associated with a corresponding queue entry (col. 9, line 49 – col. 10, line 3), and wherein each said first link data value is set in response to said pointer data values and said validity data values (col. 10, lines 40-47).

21. As to claim 41, Cheong discloses a data value in said third portion is operable for signaling an operand in a second portion of a corresponding entry of said plurality of entries is ready (col. 11, lines 27-34; col. 20, line 49 – col. 21, line 22).

22. As to claim 44, Cheong discloses said instruction corresponding to said second entry comprises a one-cycle piped instruction (col. 12, lines 35-36).

23. As to claim 45, Cheong discloses setting a predetermined value (predicted value) in a first portion of an entry in an instruction queue corresponding to a first instruction in

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response to a dispatch of a second instruction (col. 15, lines 4-35; col. 20, lines 21-25 and 37-48); and writing said predetermined value in a second portion of an entry in said instruction queue corresponding to said second instruction in response to an issuing of said first instruction, wherein a target of said first instruction comprises a source operand of said second instruction (col. 17, lines 15-23; col. 19, lines 50-58).

24. As to claim 46, Cheong further discloses validity value stored in an entry in a rename unit (1233, fig. 12; col. 9, line 49 – col. 10, line 3) coupled to said instruction queue (1219, fig. 12) (col. 11, line 4-21).

25. As to claim 47, Cheong discloses said first instruction is a one-cycle piped instruction (col. 12, lines 35-36).

26. As to claim 48, it is rejected for the same reasons set forth in claims 14 and 29 above. In addition, Cheong discloses an instruction storage unit (instruction cache and MMU; 1214, fig. 12; col. 6, lines 46-67); and the second portion comprises a link mask (TID; 118, 128a, 128b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 23-36), and a second link data value indicating to a target instruction which of the queue's plurality of entries that a dispatching dependent instruction will occupy (value; 126a, 126b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 37-62; col. 11, lines 31-45).

27. As to claim 49, it is rejected for the same reasons set forth in claim 39 above.

28. As to claim 50, Cheong discloses a rename register device (1233, 1237, fig. 12) coupled to said queue (1219, fig. 12), said rename register device including a plurality of entries (figs. 1-2; col. 9, lines 37-48), each entry having a first portion operable for storing a pointer data value (TID; 104; fig. 1) and a second portion operable for storing a validity data value (value; 102, fig. 1), wherein each said pointer data value is associated with a corresponding queue entry (col. 9, line 49 – col. 10, line 3), and wherein each said first link data value is set in response to said pointer data values and said validity data values (col. 10, lines 40-47).

29. As to claim 51, Cheong discloses each said rename register device entry (figs. 1-2; col. 9, lines 37-48) includes a third portion operable for receiving a plurality of operand tags (100, fig. 1; 112, fig. 2), and wherein each said pointer data value is operable for selection in response to a preselected one of said plurality of operand tags (col. 8, lines 26-36; col. 9, line 49 – col. 10, line 3).

30. As to claim 52, Cheong discloses said instruction corresponding to said second entry comprises a one-cycle piped instruction (col. 12, lines 35-36).

31. Applicant's arguments filed 8/18/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

32. In the remarks, applicants argued in substance that:

(1) As amended claim 10 recites, "said first portion comprising a link mask and said first link data value indicating a target instruction which of the queue's plurality of entries that a dispatching dependent instruction will occupy." Cheong does not disclose any "link mask." Nor does Cheong disclose "first link data value indicating to a target instruction which of a queue's plurality of entries that a dispatching dependent instruction will occupy".

In reply to argument (1): the term "link mask" is broadly used in claims. Thus, the examiner broadly interprets the link mask is corresponding to TID of Cheong (TID generator which generates tokens, or tags, each of which is uniquely associated with an instruction upon dispatch... The TIDs are used to retain program order information and track data dependencies; col. 8, lines 23-36; col. 9, lines 9-27; col. 10, lines 28-39). Therefore, Cheong clearly discloses the first portion comprises a link mask (TID; 118, 128a, 128b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 23-36), and a first link data value indicating to a target instruction which of the queue's plurality of entries that a dispatching dependent instruction will occupy (value; 126a, 126b, fig. 3; col. 8, lines 37-62; col. 11, lines 31-45).

Conclusion

31. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

32. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jungwon Chang whose telephone number is 571-272-3960. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00 (Monday-Friday).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John A Follansbee can be reached on 571-272-3964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jungwon Chang
November 14, 2005

